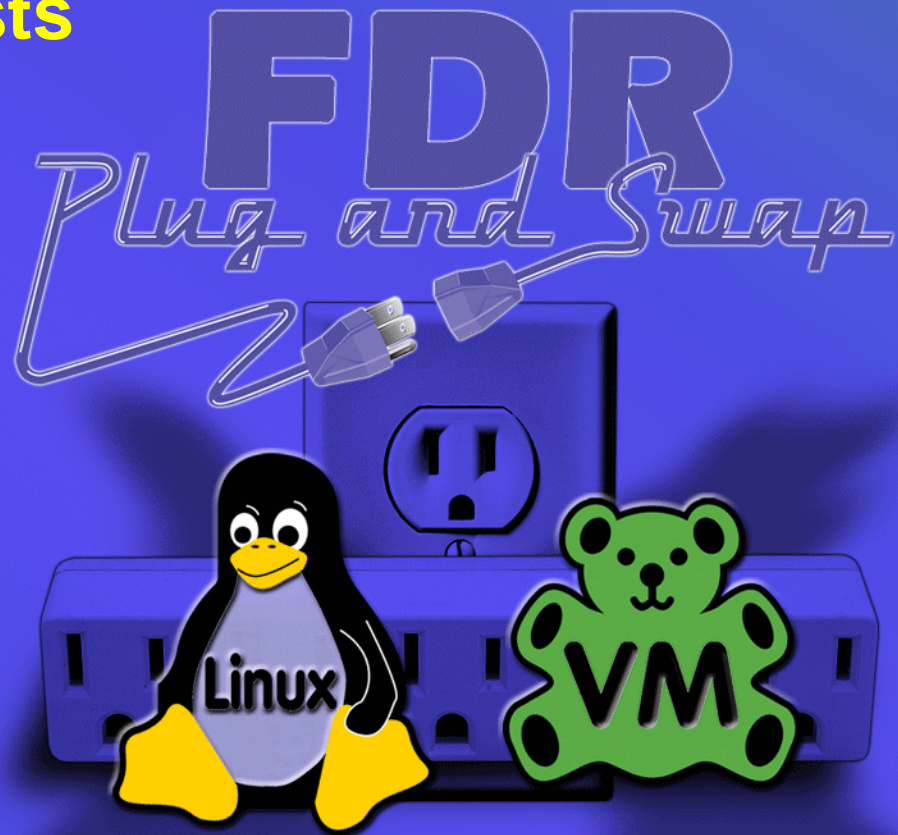


# Non-disruptively Migrating Linux Guests in Their Entirety

Michael MacIsaac  
INNOVATION Data Processing  
mmacisaac@fdrinnovation.com

CAVMEN  
Thursday, October 23  
9:00 AM  
Lincolnshire IL



# Agenda

Introductions

Hierarchy of Availability

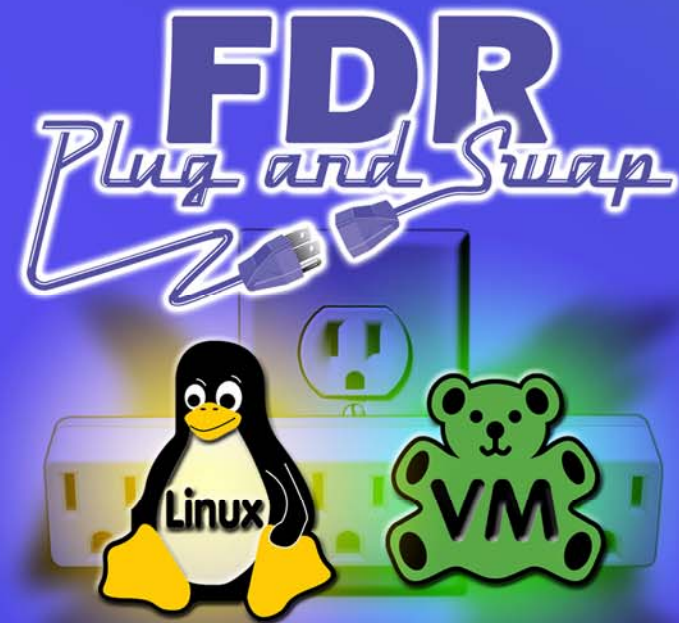
Business Continuance Tools

z/VM and z/OS Platform

Convergence

Estimating Migration Effort

Summary





# Agenda

## Introductions

Hierarchy of Availability

Business Continuance Tools

z/VM and z/OS Platform  
Convergence

Estimating Migration Effort

Summary



# Introductions



- Who am I?
  - Michael MacIsaac
  - Product Manager for z/VM and Linux
  - [mmacisaac@fdrinnovation.com](mailto:mmacisaac@fdrinnovation.com)
- Who are you?
  - An Innovation Data Processing customer?
  - An FDRPAS on z/OS customer?
  - Have z/VM & Linux in production/test/PoC?
  - A z/VM & Linux only shop?

# Agenda

Introductions

## Hierarchy of Availability

Business Continuance Tools

z/VM and z/OS Platform  
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Summary



# Hierarchy of Availability

- Hierarchy of availability (lower to higher)
  - High Availability
  - Continuous Operations
  - Continuous Availability



**Source:** "High Availability Architectures For Linux on IBM System z" Version 2, June 15, 2010 by Steve Wehr, Scott Loveland and Harriet Morrill of IBM

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# High Availability



- High Availability (HA)
  - Provides service during defined periods, at agreed upon levels (SLAs)
    - Recovery Time Objective (RTO)
    - Recovery Point Objective (RPO)
  - Avoids **unplanned outages**
  - Employs failure detection, automatic recovery/failover, problem/change management, etc.

# Continuous Operations



- Continuous Operations (CO)
  - Avoids **planned outages**
  - Employs non-disruptive hardware and software upgrades and configuration changes
    - i.e. Use FDRPAS and FDRPASVM, or similar tools, for non-disruptive DASD migration in support of DASD technology upgrades



# Continuous Availability



- Continuous Availability (CA)
  - Delivers non-disruptive service to the end user, 24 hrs/day x 365 days/yr
  - No ***planned*** nor ***unplanned*** outages
  - Continuous operations + redundancy of any single point of failure and failover to the redundant components
    - i.e. GDPS/Hyperswap (IBM/Hitachi) and GDDR/Autoswap (EMC)



## Tools in Your “CO” Toolbox

- Resilient hardware with dynamic features
  - Mainframe, PR/SM, standby memory/CPU, etc.
- Disk local mirroring and remote replication tools
- Resiliency z/VM and Linux features
  - Hot plugging memory, CPU, file systems
- HA software
  - Oracle RAC, IBM WAS XD, IBM DB2 HADR, etc.
- Business continuance tools
  - z/VM 6.2+ SSI and LGR
  - Innovation FDRPAS for z/OS & FDRPASVM for z/VM

# Agenda

Introductions

Hierarchy of Availability

**Business Continuance Tools  
(on z/VM and Linux)**

*z/VM SSI and LGR*

*FDRPASVM non-disruptive migration*

z/VM and z/OS Platform  
Convergence

Estimating Migration Effort

Summary



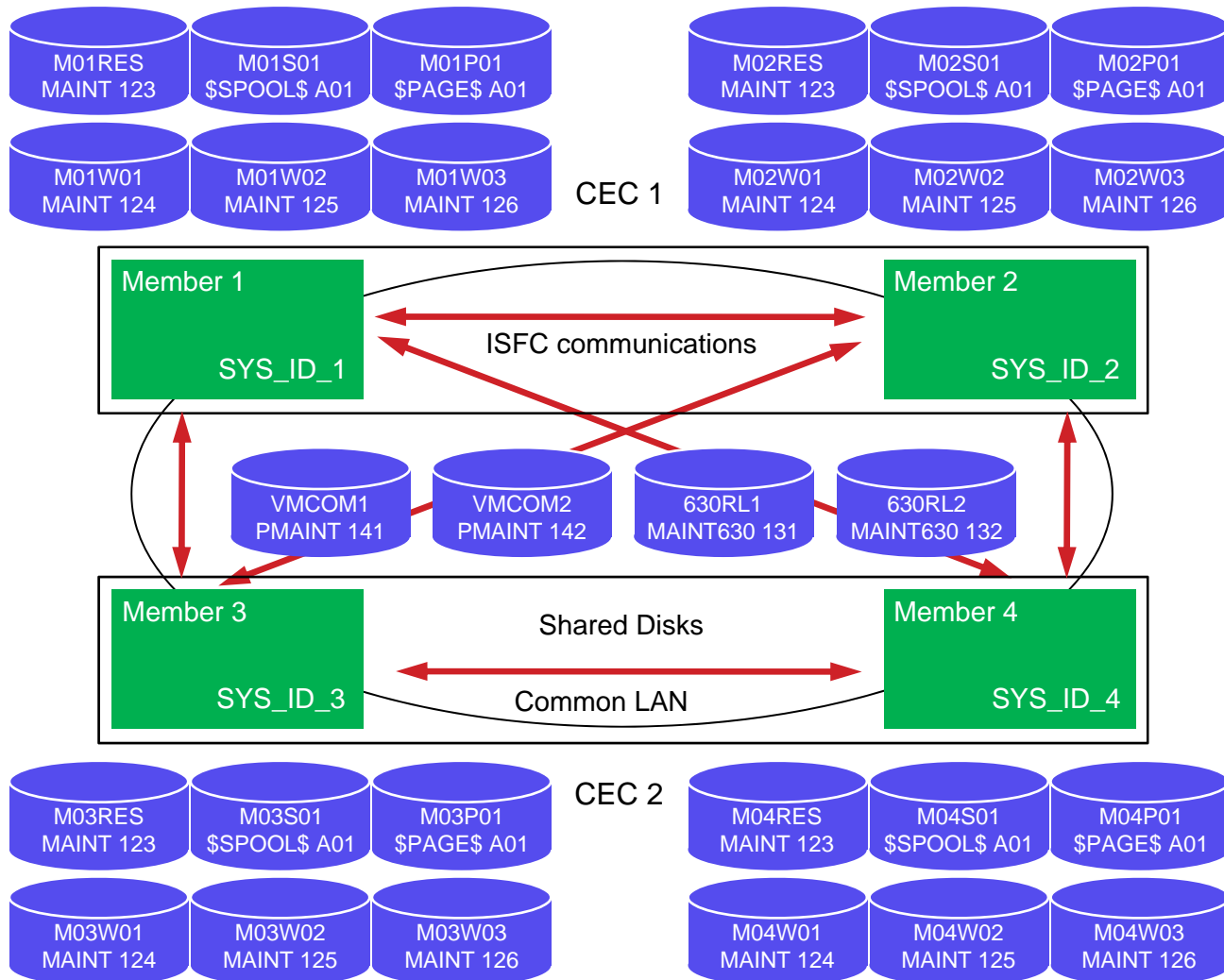
## z/VM SSI and LGR



- Single System Image (SSI)
  - 2-4 z/VM “member” systems share and coordinate resources
  - This becomes an “SSI cluster”
- Live Guest Relocation (LGR)
  - Running Linux systems can move cross-LPAR or CEC
  - Memory and CPU are moved, but not disk
- Can prevent planned outages



# z/VM SSI Block Diagram





# FDRPASVM



- Non-disruptively migrate DASD of running systems
  - Copies entire source volume(s) to target(s)
  - Monitors changed tracks on source volume
  - Copies changed tracks
  - Swaps all I/O operations to use target volume(s)
- Beta tested at customer sites in 2013
- GA in January 2014
- Supports z/VM 5.4, 6.2 and 6.3
- Support for CP-owned volumes in October 2014
- Non-disruptively move to a new DASD storage unit

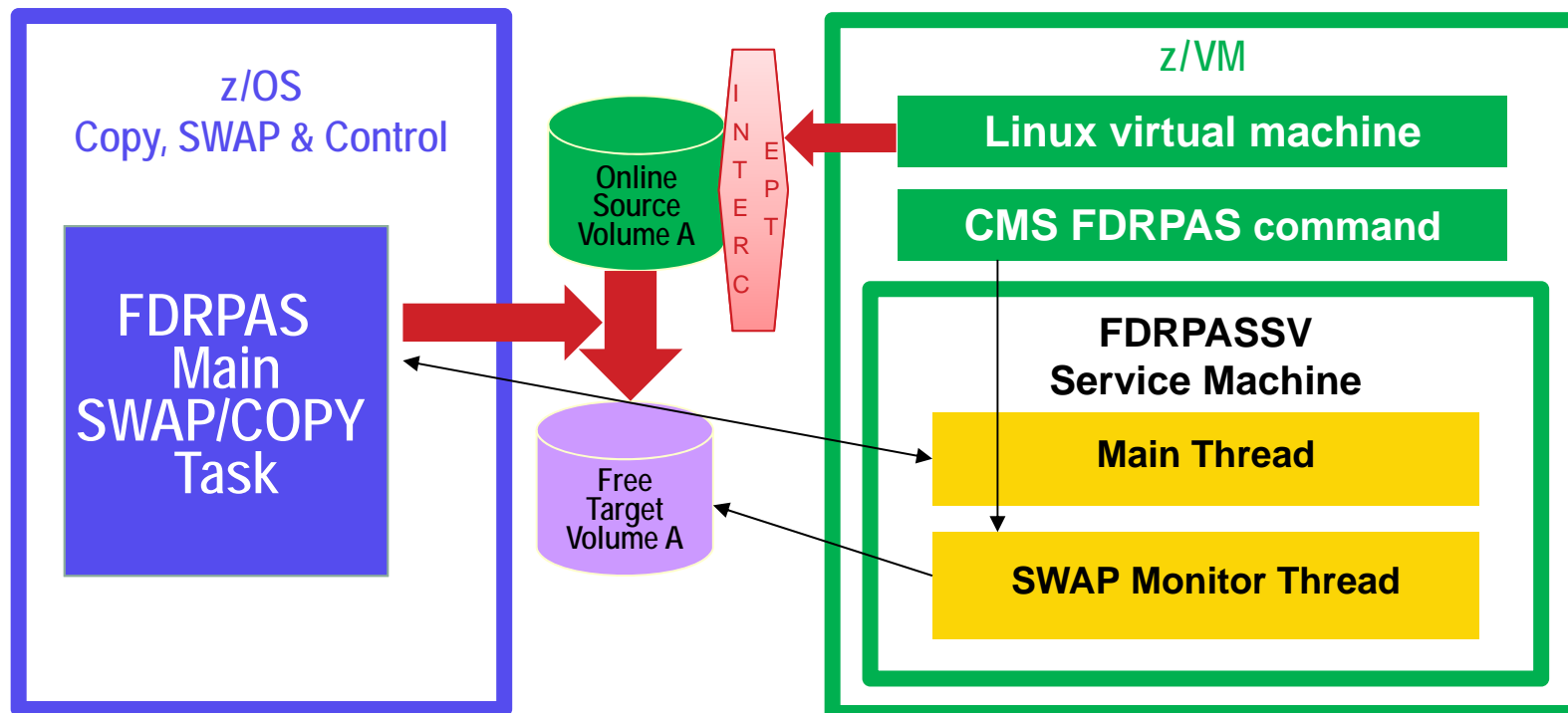


## FDRPASVM Functions

- FDRPASVM supports migration of
  - Minidisk volumes (PERM)
  - Full-pack and DEDICATED volumes
  - Smaller to larger volumes (ex: 3390-9 to 3390-27)
  - CP-owned (must have two PAGE and two SPOOL volumes)
- FDRPAS functions
  - SIMSWAP – Simulate and validate main swap task
  - SIMSWAPMON – Simulate and validate monitoring updates
  - SWAPDUMP – Create point-in-time copy of volume(s)
  - SWAP – Copy and swap volume(s)



# FDRPASVM Components

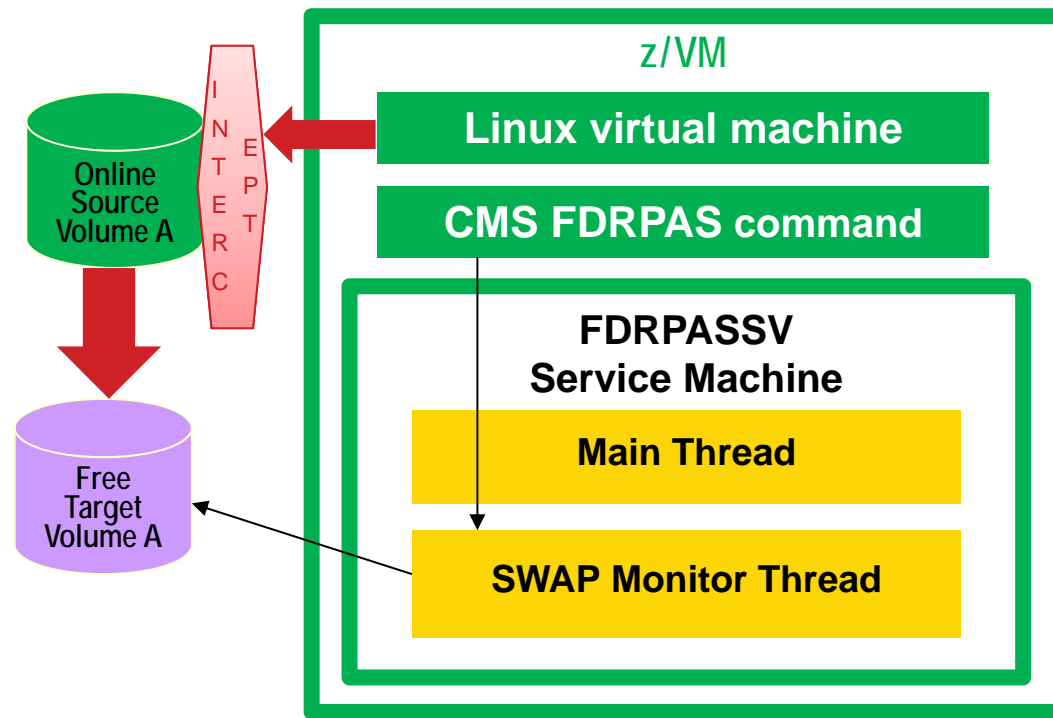




## FDRPASVM Component Detail

- z/VM detail
  - Tracks changes to source device and swaps volser
  - System requirements
    - Service machine (FDRPASSV) is running
    - Source volume is **online**
    - Target volume is **online** and **FREE**
    - Monitor program started with FDRPAS command
- Start monitor on LPARs w/access to target volumes
  - Or vary volumes offline
- z/OS detail
  - Copies to target and recopies changed tracks
  - System requirements
    - Same source volume is **online**
    - Same target volume is **offline**
    - Invoke **FDRPAS** job using JCL or ISPF

# FDRPASVM Block Diagram





# Installing FDRPASVM



- 3 files:
  - CALCDASD EXEC – understand the environment
  - EXTRFDRP EXEC – unwind DISTPIPE (saves typing)
  - FDRPASVM.DISTPIPE – the product code
- 2 virtual machines:
  - PASMANT – stores the binaries
  - FDRPASSV – FDRPAS service virtual machine
- 1 CMS command:
  - FDRPAS – with many subcommands
    - MONITOR TYPE SWAP
    - MONSTAT
    - STOP



# FDRPASVM Setup

- Service machine (FDRPASSV) is running
  - Logon to FDRPASSV interactively

```
...  
DIAGNOSE 104 ALREADY DEFINED  
...  
PASIUCSM020I WAITING FOR AN EVENT TO PROCESS
```

- Start FDRPASSV on AUTOLOG1 191 disk (mode F)

```
==> x profile exec f  
...  
/*****/  
/* Customer processing can be added here */  
/*****/  
"CP XAUTOLOG TCPIP" /* Autolog TCPIP */  
"CP SET SIGNAL SHUTDOWN 300" /* Allow guests 5 min to shut down */  
"CP XAUTOLOG FDRPASSV" /* Start the FDRPASSV service machine */  
...
```



## FDRPASVM on z/VM Volumes

- Example of swapping Linux on rdev **1887** to **B887**
- Source volume is **online**
- Target volume is online and **FREE**
- Use CP QUERY <rdev> and DETACH commands:

```
==> q 1887 b887
DASD 1887 CP SYSTEM VM1887 2
DASD B887 CP SYSTEM VMB887 0
==> detach b887 system
DASD B887 DETACHED SYSTEM
==> q 1887 b887
DASD 1887 CP SYSTEM VM1887 2
DASD B887 VMB887
```



# FDRPASVM on z/VM Monitoring

- Monitor target volume (e.g. from MAINT)

- Access FDRPAS CMS command:

```
...  
'EXEC VMLINK PASMANT 691'  
'SET LANG (ADD PAS USER'  
...
```

- Issue FDRPAS command for target volume:

```
==> fdrpas monitor type swap b887
```

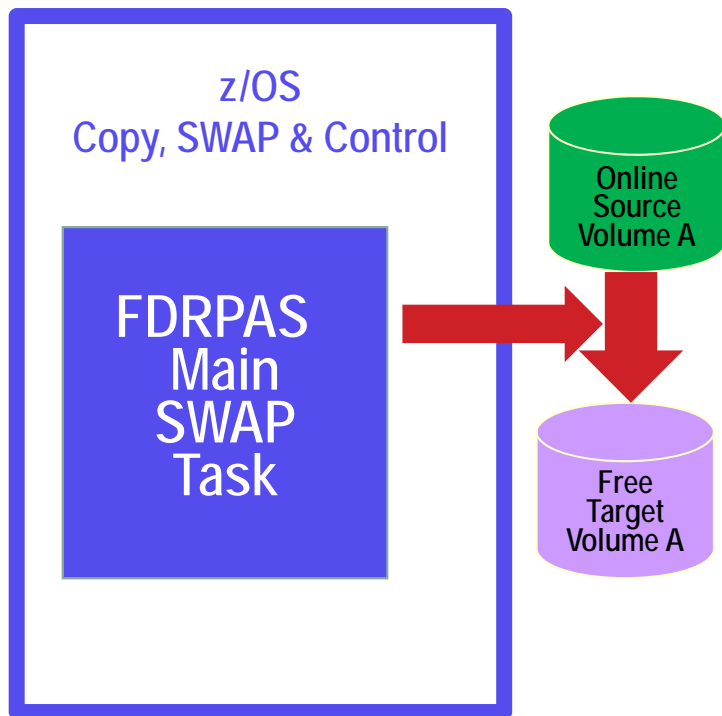
```
...  
REQUEST ACCEPTED  
SEVERING IUCV CONNECTION
```

```
...  
* MSG FROM FDRPASSV: PASIUCSM009I 1 ELIGIBLE DEVICE(S) FOUND
```

- Watch console on FDRPASSV:

```
...  
PASMONVW080I DEVICE B887(B887) WAITING FOR SWAP INITIATION
```

# FDRPASVM z/OS Components







# FDRPAS z/OS View of z/VM Volumes

- Source volume should be **online**
- Target volume is **offline**
- Use DISPLAY and VARY commands

```
==> d u,,,1887
```

UNIT	TYPE	STATUS	VOLSER	VOLSTATE
1887	3390	OFFLINE		/RSDNT

```
==> d u,,,B887
```

UNIT	TYPE	STATUS	VOLSER	VOLSTATE
B887	3390	OFFLINE		/RSDNT

```
==> v 1887,online
```

```
IEE302I 1887      ONLINE
```

```
==> d u,,,1887
```

UNIT	TYPE	STATUS	VOLSER	VOLSTATE
1887	3390	o	VM1887	PRIV/RSDNT



# FDRPAS on z/OS Startup

- Invoke FDRPAS job in one of two ways
  - From a JCL job

```
==> submit
//PASTEST1 JOB ('PR=YES'),'ME',CLASS=M,
//  NOTIFY=ME
//*
//*****
//*  FDRPAS                                     *
//*****
//*
//PASB      EXEC  PASPROC
//PAS.SYSIN DD  *
*SIMSWAP  TYPE=FULL,LARGERSIZE=OK,MAXTASKS=4,NONRESPONDING=FAIL
*SIMSWAPMON TYPE=FULL,LARGERSIZE=OK,MAXTASKS=4,NONRESPONDING=FAIL
*SWAPDUMP TYPE=FULL,LARGERSIZE=OK,MAXTASKS=32,NONRESPONDING=FAIL
  SWAP  TYPE=FULL,LARGERSIZE=OK,MAXTASKS=32,NONRESPONDING=FAIL
  MOUNT VOL=VM1887,SWAPUNIT=B887
```

- Using ISPF panels



## FDRPASVM Process Review

- FDRPAS and FDRPASVM “plumbing”
  - Install z/VM “intercepts” to monitor source volume changes
  - z/OS main SWAP task copies source to target volume
  - FDRPASSV swap thread passes changes to z/OS main SWAP
  - z/OS main SWAP task recopies changed tracks
  - Issue z/VM HYPERSWAP when source and target are in sync
  - Target volume becomes the source volume transparently
  - Remove FDRPASSV intercepts



## FDRPASVM z/VM Output

- On z/VM virtual machine invoking FDRPAS command

- Messages from FDRPASSV:

...

```
* MSG FROM FDRPASSV: PASMONT233I VMLAB63B (SERIAL# 04E2062818)
ACKNOWLEDGES THE SWAP OF VOL=VM1887 AND HAS JOINED IN SWAP OF UNIT=1887
TO B887
```

```
* MSG FROM FDRPASSV: PASMONT241I FDRPAS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED SWAP OF
VOL=VM1887 TO UNIT=B887
```

- Query source and target devices again:

```
==> q 1887 B887
```

```
DASD 1887 FDR3VM
```

```
DASD B887 CP SYSTEM VM1887 2
```



# FDRPAS z/OS Syslog Output

- JCL output (syslog)

```
FDR233 CPUB (SERIAL# 02E2062818) ACKNOWLEDGES THE SWAP OF VOL=VM1887 - HTC
2107900 TO HTC 2107900
FDR233 VMLAB63B (SERIAL# 04E2062818) ACKNOWLEDGES THE SWAP OF VOL=VM1887 AND HA
S JOINED IN SWAP OF UNIT=1887 TO B887
...
OPERATION STATISTICS FOR 3390 VOLUME.....VM1887
CYLINDERS ON VOLUME.....10,017
DATASETS PROCESSED.....0
BYTES READ FROM DASD.....7,593,410,036
DASD TRACKS SWAPPED.....154,127
UPDATED TRACKS RECOPIED.....3,873
DASD EXCPS.....10,418
TARGET DASD EXCPS.....10,371
CPU TIME (SECONDS).....2.257
ELAPSED TIME (MINUTES).....2.6
SWAP TIME.....2.4

FDR SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED
```



# FDRPAS z/OS Customer Output



- From customer system in July, 2014

```
...  
OPERATION STATISTICS FOR 3390 VOLUME.....volser  
CYLINDERS ON VOLUME.....10,017  
DATASETS PROCESSED.....0  
BYTES READ FROM DASD.....7,465,766,880  
DASD TRACKS SWAPPED.....151,535  
UPDATED TRACKS RECOPIED.....1,281  
DASD EXCPS.....10,217  
TARGET DASD EXCPS.....10,103  
CPU TIME (SECONDS).....0.661  
ELAPSED TIME (MINUTES).....2.8  
SWAP TIME.....2.5  
FDR SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED
```



## Living up to “in their entirety”

- A Linux running on LINUX154/SSI63B on DASD 189D with volser VM189D

```
# vmcp q userid
LINUX154 AT SSI63B
# vmcp q v 100
DASD 0100 3390 VM189D R/W          10016 CYL ON DASD  189D SUBCHANNEL = 0000

# ping vmlab2
PING vmlab2.idp.com (192.168.250.17) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=1 ttl=60 time=0.545 ms
...
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=9 ttl=60 time=0.415 ms
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=10 ttl=60 time=0.668 ms
...
--- at ping 10, started a SWAP JCL job of VM189D to 189E ---
...
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=11 ttl=60 time=0.521 ms
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=12 ttl=60 time=0.579 ms
...
--- at ping 50 from MAINT on SSI63B did a "VMRELO MOVE LINUX154 SSI63A" ---
...
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=49 ttl=60 time=0.644 ms
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=50 ttl=60 time=0.610 ms
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=56 ttl=60 time=0.856 ms
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=57 ttl=60 time=0.804 ms
```



## Living up to “in their entirety” (cont’d)

```
--- at approximately ping 144, SWAP job completed
...
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=145 ttl=60 time=0.588 ms
64 bytes from vmlab2.idpnj.com (192.168.250.17): icmp_seq=146 ttl=60 time=0.572 ms
...
--- killed the job at ping 146 ---
```

- Linux was running on LINUX154/SSI63B on DASD 189D with volser VM189D

```
# vmcp q userid
```

```
LINUX154 AT SSI63A
```

```
# vmcp q v 100
```

```
DASD 0100 3390 VM189D R/W          10016 CYL ON DASD  189E SUBCHANNEL = 0000
```

- Now Linux is running on LINUX154/SSI63A on DASD 189E with volser VM189D

# Give FDRPASVM a Try

- Request a trial:
  - <http://www.fdr.com/riskfreetrial/index.cfm>



# Agenda

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Hierarchy of Availability

Business Continuance Tools

**z/VM and z/OS Platform  
Convergence**

Estimating Migration Effort

Summary



# Automating z/OS Job Submission from z/VM



- To drive z/OS JCL jobs from z/VM
- New paper describing how to:
  - Submit JCL job(s) from z/VM to z/OS
  - Using FILETYPE=JES mode of the z/OS FTP server
  - Using the VMFTP tool to process output from FTP
  - All in a single REXX “wrapper”
  - Second wrapper for multiple job submissions
- See [http://www.fdr.com/Manuals\\_CurrentVersion/JCLfromVM.pdf](http://www.fdr.com/Manuals_CurrentVersion/JCLfromVM.pdf)

# FTP Session Overview



- **Submit JCL jobs through FTP**

```
==> ftp zOS.ftp.server
ftp> z/OS credentials
...
ftp> site filetype=jes
...
ftp> put myjob.jcl
...
ftp> get <jobid>.x
...
ftp> quit
```





# SUBMIT EXEC

- **Wrap JCL job submission in a REXX EXEC**

```
/* EXEC to submit a JCL job using the VMFTP tool          */
Parse upper arg jobName .
If (jobName = '') Then Do                                /* no job name passed in */
  Say 'Error: expected parameter JobName not found'
  Return 1
End
'STATE' jobName 'JCL *'                                /* check that file exists */
if (rc <> 0) Then Do                                    /* file not found => exit */
  Say 'Error: File' jobName 'JCL * not found'
  Return 2
End
'VMFTP FTPJOB (PARM' jobName                          /* Invoke the VMFTP macro */
```

# FTPJOB VMFTP



- **Use VMFTP environment**

```
/* VMFTP Macro to submit a JCL job and extract output */
Parse upper arg jobName . /* get the one argument */
system = 'myzos' /* target z/OS system */
userID = 'myuserid' /* z/OS user ID */
password = 'mypasswd' /* password: case sensitive */
jobFile = jobName||'.JCL' /* input file */

/* do the work */
'open' system /* start the FTP session */
...
userID /* send the user ID */
...
password /* send the password */
...
'site filetype=jes' /* set server to JCL mode */
```

## FTPJOB VMFTP (cont'd)



```
'put' jobFile
...
jobNumber = Word(output.4, 7)
...
'get' jobNumber||'.X'
...
'quit'
...
```

```
/* send the JCL job      */
/* get job # from output */
/* retrieve the job output */
/* end the FTP session   */
```

# A Sample z/OS JCL Job



```
//MDMS JOB ('PR=YES'), 'MIKE', CLASS=M, MSGCLASS=X
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=SORT
//SYSIN DD *
  SORT FIELDS=(1,75,CH,A)
/*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//SORTIN DD *
MERCURY
VENUS
EARTH
MARS
JUPITER
SATURN
URANUS
NEPTUNE
/*
//SORTOUT DD SYSOUT=*
/*
```



## Example of Submitting One JCL Job

```
==> submit mdms
```

```
Job MDMS has been submitted - waiting for output ...
```

```
Output saved to JOB04838 X A
```

```
==> type job04838 x a
```

```
...
```

```
!! END OF JES SPOOL FILE !!
```

```
EARTH
```

```
JUPITER
```

```
MARS
```

```
MERCURY
```

```
NEPTUNE
```

```
SATURN
```

```
URANUS
```

```
VENUS
```

```
!! END OF JES SPOOL FILE !!
```

# Submitting Multiple JCL Jobs

- Put a wrapper around FTPJOB
- Input file:

```
==> type ftpjobs list
```

```
mdms
```

```
mdmc
```

```
nosuch
```



# FTPJOBS EXEC



```
/* EXEC to automate JCL job submission using FTP and VMFTP tool */
jobsFile = 'FTPJOBS LIST A'          /* file with JCL jobs to run */
...
Do i = 1 To jobs.0                   /* check line for error msg */
  Say 'Submitting job' jobs.i        /* info message */
  'STATE' jobs.i 'jcl'              /* check if file exists */
  If (rc = 0) Then                   /* file exists */
    Call FTPjob jobs.i              /* FTPjob submits job */
  End
Exit
FTPjob: procedure                    /* to submit one job */
Parse arg jobName                   /* get job name */
'VMFTP FTPJOB (PARM' jobName        /* use VMFTP macro */
...
Return
```



# Example of Submitting Multiple JCL Jobs



```
==> ftpjobs
```

```
Submitting job mdms
```

```
Job MDMS has been submitted - waiting for output ...
```

```
Output saved to JOB04841 X A
```

```
Submitting job mdmc
```

```
Job MDMC has been submitted - waiting for output ...
```

```
Error messages in JOB04842 X A:
```

```
    FDR316**    FDR  DID NOT FIND REQUESTED MOUNT SWAP VOL=73BSP1
```

```
...
```

```
Submitting job nosuch
```

```
DMSSTT002E File NOSUCH JCL not found
```

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## Estimating Migration Effort

- How much DASD space is on my systems?
- CALCDASD EXEC reports on type and size of DASD
  - Needs no arguments if all DASD “belongs” to z/VM
    - ==> `calcdasd`
  - Can take rdev-range if not all DASD “belongs” to z/VM
    - ==> `calcdasd 1880-1887`
- Counts 3390-1s, -2s, -3s, -9s –As (EAVs) and “other sizes”
- Identifies CP-Owned, SYSTEM and ATTACHED disks
- Can report on free, offline and PAV alias devices
- Combination of `q DA`, `q rdev`, `q ALLOC` and `q DA DETAILS`

# 3390 DASD Sizes



Name	Cylinders	Notes
<b>3390-1</b>	1113	
<b>3390-2</b>	2226	
<b>3390-3</b>	3339	
<b>3390-9</b>	10017	
Small 3390-27	30051	3x size of 3390-9
3390-27	32760	Aka 3390-32k, not multiple of 1113
Small 3390-54	60102	6x size of 3390-9
3390-54	65520	Aka 3390-64k, largest directory size
Non-standard	< 65520	Any other size smaller than 65520
<b>3390-A (EAV)</b>	> 65520	Any other size larger than 65520



# CALCDASD Help (cont'd)



Where:

no rdev range: Query all DASD (QUERY DASD)  
rdev range: Query these addresses (QUERY rdev)

Options:

HELP: Show this screen  
SHORT: Don't include one line of output/DASD device  
FREE|PAV|OFFLINE Report only on free/PAV/offline DASD  
CSV: Generate a comma separated values file  
ALL: Also show FREE, PAV and OFFLINE DASD (Q 0-FFFF)

Sort Options - primary and secondary sort fields:

SORTRDEV: Sort by real device address (default)  
SORTVOLSER: Sort by volume serial number  
SORTMFG: Sort by manufacturer  
SORTCYLS: Sort by number of cylinders  
DESCENDING: Sort in descending EBCDIC (default: ascending)

Examples:

Create CSV file: `pipe cms calcdasd (csv |> calcdasd csv a`  
Send to a file: `pipe cms calcdasd (all |> calcdasd output a`

# CALCDASD – Default Output



Run on VMLAB63B, V6.3(1302) at 07:50:34 EDT TUESDAY 10/21/14

Rdev	Volser	Mfg	SSID	CCA	HPF	Allocation	Model	Cylinders
1880	63BRES	HTC	9002	40	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1881	63BCOM	HTC	9002	41	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1882	63BREL	HTC	9002	42	+	System	3390-9	10017
1883	63BSP1	HTC	9002	43	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1884	63BPG1	HTC	9002	44	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1885	63BW01	HTC	9002	45	+	System	3390-9	10017
1886	VM1886	HTC	9002	46	+	System	3390-9	10017
1887	VM1887	HTC	9002	47	+	System	3390-9	10017
1888	VM1888	HTC	9002	48	+	System	3390-9	10017
188D	63BSP2	HTC	9002	4D	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
188F	63BPG2	HTC	9002	4F	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017

Total volumes reported on: 11

Number of DASD models	CP-OWN	SYSTEM	ATT'D	Total
3390-1s (1113 cylinders):	0	0	0	0
3390-2s (2226 cylinders):	0	0	0	0
3390-3s (3339 cylinders):	0	0	0	0
3390-9s (10017 cylinders):	6	5	0	11
3390-As (sizes > 65520):	0	0	0	0
-----				
Total DASD models:	6	5	0	11



# CALCDASD – Default Output (cont'd)

Slot	Vol-ID	Rdev	Type	Status	SSIOwner	SysOwner
1	63BRES	1880	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
5	63BCOM	1881	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
10	63BSP1	1883	Own	Online and attached	-----	VMLAB63B
11	63BSP2	188D	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
254	63BPG2	188F	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
255	63BPG1	1884	Own	Online and attached	-----	VMLAB63B



## CP-owned TDISK PAGE SPOOL and DRCT allocation:

Type	Volumes	Cylinders	GB	% used
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TDISK	0	0	0.00	0.00
PAGE	2	20033	17.03	7.25
SPOOL	2	20033	17.03	0.86
DRCT	1	20	0.02	15.00
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total:	5	40086	34.07	4.06

## Total cylinder allocation:

Type	Cylinders	GB
-----	-----	-----
CP-OWNED	60102	51.08
SYSTEM	50085	42.57
ATTACHED	0	0.00
-----	-----	-----
Total DASD:	110187	93.65

# CALCDASD – Short Output



==> **calcdasd (short**

Number of DASD models	CP-OWN	SYSTEM	ATT'D	Total
3390-1s (1113 cylinders):	0	0	0	0
3390-2s (2226 cylinders):	0	0	0	0
3390-3s (3339 cylinders):	0	0	0	0
3390-9s (10017 cylinders):	6	5	0	11
3390-As (sizes > 65520):	0	0	0	0
-----				
Total DASD models:	6	5	0	11

CP-owned volumes:

Slot	Vol-ID	Rdev	Type	Status	SSIOwner	SysOwner
1	63BRES	1880	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
5	63BCOM	1881	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
10	63BSP1	1883	Own	Online and attached	-----	VMLAB63B
11	63BSP2	188D	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
254	63BPG2	188F	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
255	63BPG1	1884	Own	Online and attached	-----	VMLAB63B

...

# CALCDASD – Short Output (cont'd)



CP-owned TDISK PAGE SPOOL and DRCT allocation:

Type	Volumes	Cylinders	GB	% used
TDISK	0	0	0.00	0.00
PAGE	2	20033	17.03	7.25
SPOOL	2	20033	17.03	0.86
DRCT	1	20	0.02	15.00
<hr/>				
Total:	5	40086	34.07	4.06

Total cylinder allocation:

Type	Cylinders	GB
CP-OWNED	60102	51.08
SYSTEM	50085	42.57
ATTACHED	0	0.00
<hr/>		
Total DASD:	110187	93.65

**WARNING:** only 2 spool volumes - use (DRAIN 51 on FDRPAS MONITOR command  
**WARNING:** only 2 page volumes - use (DRAIN 51 on FDRPAS MONITOR command

# CALCDASD – rdev range



==> **calcdasd 1880-1887**

Run on VMLAB63B, V6.3(1302) at 08:25:05 EDT TUESDAY 10/21/14

Rdev	Volser	Mfg	SSID	CCA	HPF	Allocation	Model	Cylinders
1880	63BRES	HTC	9002	40	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1881	63BCOM	HTC	9002	41	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1882	63BREL	HTC	9002	42	+	System	3390-9	10017
1883	63BSP1	HTC	9002	43	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1884	63BPG1	HTC	9002	44	+	CP-Owned	3390-9	10017
1885	63BW01	HTC	9002	45	+	System	3390-9	10017
1886	VM1886	HTC	9002	46	+	System	3390-9	10017
1887	VM1887	HTC	9002	47	+	System	3390-9	10017

Total volumes reported on: 8

Number of DASD models	CP-OWN	SYSTEM	ATT'D	FREE	Total
3390-1s (1113 cylinders):	0	0	0	0	0
3390-2s (2226 cylinders):	0	0	0	0	0
3390-3s (3339 cylinders):	0	0	0	0	0
3390-9s (10017 cylinders):	4	4	0	0	8
3390-As (sizes > 65520):	0	0	0	0	0
Total DASD models:	4	4	0	0	8

# CALCDASD – rdev range (cont'd)



CP-owned volumes:

Slot	Vol-ID	Rdev	Type	Status	SSIOwner	SysOwner
1	63BRES	1880	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
5	63BCOM	1881	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
10	63BSP1	1883	Own	Online and attached	-----	VMLAB63B
11	63BSP2	188D	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
254	63BPG2	188F	Own	Online and attached	-----	-----
255	63BPG1	1884	Own	Online and attached	-----	VMLAB63B

CP-owned TDISK PAGE SPOOL and DRCT allocation:

Type	Volumes	Cylinders	GB	% used
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
TDISK	0	0	0.00	0.00
PAGE	2	20033	17.03	7.25
SPOOL	2	20033	17.03	0.86
DRCT	1	20	0.02	15.00
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total:	5	40086	34.07	4.06

Total cylinder allocation:

Type	Cylinders	GB
-----	-----	-----
CP-OWNED	40068	34.06
SYSTEM	40068	34.06
ATTACHED	0	0.00
-----	-----	-----
Total DASD:	80136	68.11

# CALCDASD EXEC

- Request a copy of CALCDASD EXEC, email:
  - [support@fdrinnovation.com](mailto:support@fdrinnovation.com)



Introductions

Hierarchy of Availability

Business Continuance Tools

z/VM and z/OS Platform  
Convergence

Estimating Migration Effort

## Summary

*User Testimonial*

*Benefits*

*Resources*

*Q & A*





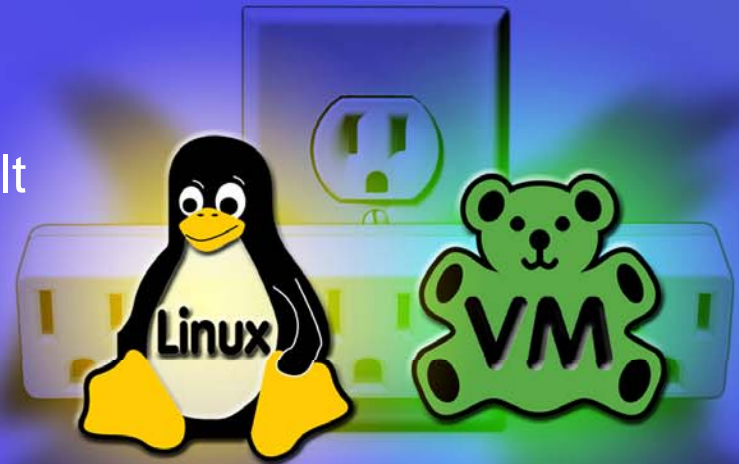
# User Testimonial



## Non-Disruptive Migration

“The business units requirements that rely on Linux volumes have made it very difficult for us to schedule outages to move their systems. FDRPASVM now allows us to move them non-disruptively like FDRPAS does for our z/OS volumes.”

*A Large Financial Company*





## Benefits of FDRPASVM

- FDRPAS technology has a proven reliability record
- Over 1700+ customer migrations since 2001
- Supports concurrent processing:
  - Of many volumes
  - By many users
- You don't have to bring z/VM or Linux systems down



## FDRPASVM Futures Features

- Swapping of CP-Owned volumes:
  - SYS RES
  - PAGE\*
  - SPOOL\*
  - DIRECTORY
  - Checkpoint/Warm start cylinders
    - \* *Must have at least two volumes – will be drained*
- Swapping smaller to larger volumes:
  - Volume allocation table will reflect all PERM space

# Resources



- This presentation:
  - Will be uploaded to CAVMEN Web site
- Manuals
  - FDRPASVM V5.4L80 User Manual  
<http://www.fdr.com/FDRPASVMdoc.pdf>
  - FDRPAS, FDRMOVE, and FDRERASE Manual  
[http://www.fdr.com/Manuals\\_CurrentVersion/FDRPAS\\_V54L80.pdf](http://www.fdr.com/Manuals_CurrentVersion/FDRPAS_V54L80.pdf)
- FDRPAS demo  
<http://fdr.com/index.cfm?hptab=4&d=pasdemo>
- Risk-free Trial  
[http://www.fdr.com/riskfreetrial/form\\_rft.cfm](http://www.fdr.com/riskfreetrial/form_rft.cfm)
  - Choose “FDRPASVM product”
- My e-mail address  
[mmacisaac@fdrinnovation.com](mailto:mmacisaac@fdrinnovation.com)

# Thank You...



**CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS:** 275 Paterson Ave., Little Falls, NJ 07424 • (973) 890-7300 • Fax: (973) 890-7147  
**E-mail:** [support@fdrinnovation.com](mailto:support@fdrinnovation.com) • [sales@fdrinnovation.com](mailto:sales@fdrinnovation.com) • <http://www.fdr.com>

<b>EUROPEAN OFFICES:</b>	<b>FRANCE</b> 01-49-69-94-02	<b>GERMANY</b> 089-489-0210	<b>NETHERLANDS</b> 036-534-1660	<b>UNITED KINGDOM</b> 0208-905-1266	<b>NORDIC COUNTRIES</b> +31-36-534-1660
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